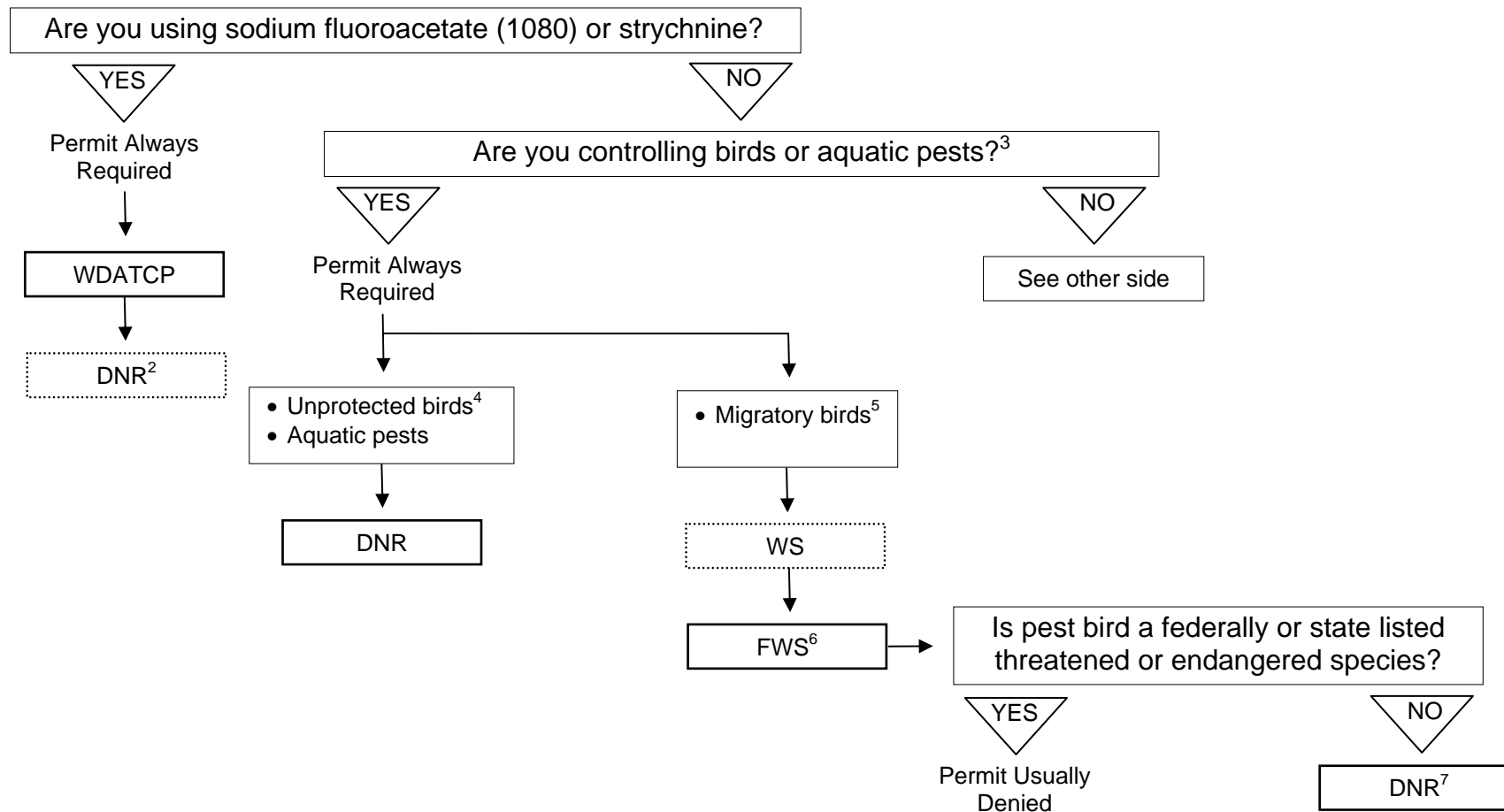


Requirements for Pesticide-Use Permits in Wisconsin¹



¹ In addition to obtaining a permit, you also must meet the state's pesticide applicator certification and licensing requirements applicable to the purchase and/or use of the pesticide specified in the permit. Local ordinances may require additional permit requirements.

² In addition to the WDATCP permit, a DNR permit is also required if controlling mammals (other than rats and mice) with strychnine.

³ A permit is always required when using any pesticide to control insects or rodents in public sewers, UNLESS such applications are made by a commercial applicator certified and licensed in category 7.1, Structural Pest Control.

⁴ Unprotected birds include feral pigeons (rock dove), European starling, English (house) sparrows, coturnix quail, and chukar partridge. If no pesticides are used, a landowner may, without a pesticide-use permit, shoot or trap unprotected birds causing damage or nuisance.

⁵ If no pesticides are used, a landowner may, without a pesticide-use permit, shoot or trap the following depredating migratory birds that are damaging agricultural crops, livestock, or ornamental or shade trees: cowbirds, crows, grackles, and red-winged blackbirds. A landowner also may scare or harass any depredating migratory bird (other than threatened or endangered species) provided the bird is not physically harmed.

⁶ FWS first requires a recommendation from the USDA-WS whether non lethal control methods are viable options for the pest bird.

⁷ If FWS approves the permit, it is sent to DNR for co-signature (or denial).

Requirements for Pesticide-Use Permits in Wisconsin¹ (continued from other side)

Are you using sodium fluoroacetate (1080) or strychnine, or controlling birds or aquatic pests?³

YES

See other side

NO

Are you controlling mammals?

YES

NO

Are you controlling ONLY rats and mice?

YES

NO Permit
Required⁸

NO

Are you controlling bats?

YES

Permit Always
Required⁹

WDATCP

NO

Permit Always
Required¹⁰

DNR

WDATCP¹²

Are you controlling other vertebrates?

YES

Permit Always
Required¹¹

NO

NO Permit
Required

WDATCP
Wisconsin Dept of Agriculture,
Trade and Consumer Protection
(608) 224-4551

DNR
Wisconsin Dept of Natural
Resources
Bird: regional Wildlife Biologist
Mammal: state Wildlife Toxicologist

WS
Wildlife Services
US Department of Agriculture
No. counties: (800) 228-1368
So. counties: (800) 433-0663

FWS
Fish and Wildlife Service
US Department of Interior
(612) 713-5436

⁸ However, if you are using 1080 or strychnine to control rats or mice, a permit from WDATCP is always required (see other side).

⁹ Exception: a permit is not required if you use the pesticide, naphthalene, or if you shoot or trap bats (no pesticides are used). However, no unauthorized person may kill or trap the endangered Indian Bat species.

¹⁰ If no pesticides are used, a landowner may, without a pesticide-use permit, shoot or trap the following species that are causing damage or nuisance: beaver, coyote, fox, muskrat, opossum, rabbit, raccoon, skunk, squirrel, weasel, and woodchuck. Generally, the landowner will not need a hunting or trapping license but is subject to other hunting and trapping restrictions (e.g., shooting hours, types of traps or snares, etc.).

¹¹ If no pesticides are used, a landowner may, without a pesticide-use permit, shoot or trap most snakes and amphibians; however, other species of snakes, reptiles, and amphibians are threatened or endangered and, therefore, are protected.

¹² If a below-ground application of a pesticide bait or product contains strychnine, a permit from WDATCP is also required (see other side).